EMBRYONIC ROLE OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT IN KNOWLEDGE ECONOMY

DR. DEEPAKSHI GUPTA

ASSISTANT PROFESSOR,
PG DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS,
SIKH NATIONAL COLLEGE, BANGA.

ABSTRACT
The achievement of a sustained and equitable development remains the greatest challenge for the human race. Despite good progress over the past generation, more than one billion people still live in acute poverty and suffer grossly inadequate access to the resources – education, health services, infrastructure, land and credit - required to give them a chance for a better life. Human capital accumulation has long been stressed as a pre-requisite for economic growth and the educated labour-force is more equipped with skills for creating, implementing, adopting new technologies, which are essential for economic growth. The world faces two major developmental challenges - the first is to ensure that the fruits of development reach the neediest through equitable distribution of resources, opportunities and benefits. The second is to develop the human resource. Challenges to develop human resource and policy implications are also discussed.


REFERENCES


• **Raghwan V.P. (2012).** “India’s Transition to Knowledge Economy: Opportunities and Challenges the Way Forward Towards 21st Century”, Skoch Development Foundation.


• **Sen A. (1999),** Development as Freedom, Oxford University Press.

• **Unleashing India’s Innovation: Towards Sustainable and Inclusive Growth (2007).** World Bank, Washington, D.C.

• **Walke, Shivangi (1999),** “Knowledge Management and HRM”, Published by *Birla Institute of Management Technology*. Vol. No. 1, Aug. pp. 35-48


**WEBLIOGRAPHY**

- http://planningcommission.nic.in
- http://www.dst.gov.in
- http://www.firstpost.com
- http://www.india.gov.in
http://www.newindigo.eu/india

http://www.nistads.res.in

http://www.nstmis-dst.org

www.esrcsocietytoday.ac.uk

www.giic.org

www.ibef.org

www.india.statistic.com

www.nstmis-dst.org

www.OECD.org

www.rdmag.com

www.worldbank.org